



usually separated by softer weathering, thin (9"-12" thick), planar-bedded, fine-Down section, this massive, channel-type sandstone becomes the common rock type of the Garber, while the thin to medium, planar-bedded sandstones, siltstones, and shales characteristic of the upper intervals, become increasingl

10x vertical exaggeration. Formation contacts based on wireline-log interpretations by N.H. Suneson; surface mapping by authors; veritcal lines show logs used in interpretations.

GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE BRITTON 7.5' QUADRANGLE, **OKLAHOMA COUNTY, OKLAHOMA** Neil H. Suneson and Thomas M. Stanley